Calendar No. 209

105TH CONGRESS S. 207
1ST SESSION [Report No. 105–107]

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A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnecessary and inequitable Federal subsidies

OCTOBER 9, 1997

Reported with amendments and an amendment to the title

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105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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[Report No. 105-107]

A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnecessary and inequitable Federal subsidies

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 28, 1997

Mr. McCain (for himself, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Feingold, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Coats, Mr. Glenn, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Abraham, Ms. Collins, Mr. Smith of New Hampshire, and Mr. Kohl) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs

OCTOBER 9, 1997

Reported by Mr. Thompson, with amendments and an amendment to the title [Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnecessary and inequitable Federal subsidies

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Corporate Subsidy Re-
3	form Commission Act of 1997".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
5	The Congress finds that—
6	(1) Federal subsidies, including tax advantages,
7	which may have been enacted with a valid purpose
8	for specific industries or industry segments can—
9	(A) fall subject to abuse, causing unantici-
10	pated and unjustified windfalls to some indus-
11	tries and industry segments; or
12	(B) become obsolete, anticompetitive, or no
13	longer in the public interest, making such sub-
14	sidies unnecessary or undesired;
15	(2) it is unfair to force the United States tax-
16	payer to support unnecessary subsidies, including
17	tax advantages, that do not provide a substantial
18	public benefit or serve the public interest;
19	(3) the Congress and the President have been
20	unable to evaluate methodically those Federal sub-
21	sidies that are unfair and unnecessary and require
22	reform or elimination; and
23	(4) a Commission to advise the President and
24	Congress is essential to a comprehensive review of
25	such unfair corporate subsidies and to the reform or
26	elimination of such subsidies.

1 SEC. 3. PURPOSE.

2	The purpose of this Act is to establish a fair and de-
3	liberative process that will result in the timely identifica-
4	tion, review, and reform or elimination of unnecessary and
5	inequitable subsidies, including tax advantages, provided
6	by the Federal Government to entities or industries en-
7	gaged in profitmaking enterprises.
8	SEC. 4. DEFINITION.
9	For purposes of this Act, the term "inequitable Fed-
10	eral subsidy" means a payment, benefit, service, or tax
11	advantage that—
12	(1) is provided by the Federal Government to
13	any corporation, partnership, joint venture, associa-
14	tion, or business trust, not to include—
15	(A) a nonprofit organization described
16	under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
17	Code of 1986 that is exempt from taxation
18	under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
19	Code of 1986; or
20	(B) a State or local government or Indian
21	Tribe or Alaska Native village or regional or vil-
22	lage corporation as defined in or established pur-
23	suant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement
24	Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.);
25	(2) is provided without a reasonable expecta-
26	tion, demonstrated with the use of reliable perform-

1	ance criteria, that actions or activities undertaken or
2	performed in return for such payment, benefit, serv-
3	ice, or tax advantage would result in a return or
4	benefit, quantifiable or nonquantifiable, to the public
5	at least as great as the payment, benefit, service, or
6	tax advantage;
7	(3) provides an unfair competitive advantage or
8	financial windfall; and
9	(4) shall not include a payment, benefit, service,
10	or tax advantage that—
11	(A)(i) is awarded for the purposes of re-
12	search and development in the broad public in-
13	terest on the basis of a peer reviewed or other
14	open, competitive, merit-based procedure;
15	(ii) is for a purpose consistent with the
16	mission of the agency;
17	(iii) supports competing technologies at
18	levels appropriate to their potential, as deter-
19	mined by an appropriate priority setting proc-
20	ess; and
21	(iv) is for research and development that
22	the private sector cannot reasonably be ex-
23	pected to undertake without Federal support at
24	a level or in a time frame consistent with the
25	payment, benefit, service, or tax advantage's po-

1	tential to provide broad economic or other pub-
2	lie benefit;
3	(4) shall not include a payment, benefit, service,
4	or tax advantage that—
5	(A) is awarded for the purposes of research
6	and development that—
7	(i) is in the broad public interest on
8	the basis of a peer reviewed or other open,
9	$competitive,\ merit-based\ procedure;$
10	(ii) is for a purpose consistent with the
11	mission of the agency;
12	(iii) supports competing technologies at
13	levels appropriate to their potential, as de-
14	termined by an appropriate priority setting
15	process; and
16	(iv) the private sector cannot reason-
17	ably be expected to undertake without Fed-
18	eral support at a level or in a timeframe
19	consistent with the payment, benefit, serv-
20	ice, or tax advantage's potential to provide
21	broad economic or other public benefit;
22	(B) primarily benefits public health, safety,
23	the environment, or education;
24	(C) is necessary to comply with inter-
25	national trade or treaty obligations;

1	(D) is certified by the United States Trade
2	Representative as specifically intended and as
3	substantially needed to protect the foreign trade
4	interests of the United States; or
5	(E) is for the purpose of procurement of
6	property or services by the United States Gov-
7	ernment.
8	SEC. 5. THE COMMISSION.
9	(a) Establishment.—There is established an inde-
10	pendent commission to be known as the "Corporate Sub-
11	sidy Reform Commission" (hereafter in this Act, referred
12	to as the "Commission").
13	(b) Duties.—The Commission shall—
14	(1) examine the programs and tax laws of the
15	Federal Government and identify programs and tax
16	laws that provide inequitable Federal subsidies;
17	(2) review inequitable Federal subsidies; and
18	(3) submit the report required under section
19	6(b) to the President and the Congress.
20	(c) Limitations.—
21	(1) Creation of New Programs or Taxes.—
22	This Act is not intended to result in the creation of
23	new programs or taxes, and the Commission estab-
24	lished in this section shall limit its activities to re-
25	viewing existing programs or tax laws with the goal

1	of ensuring fairness and equity in the operation and
2	application thereof.
3	(2) Elimination of agencies and depart-
4	MENTS.—The Commission shall limit its rec-
5	ommendations to the termination or reform of pay-
6	ments, benefits, services, or tax advantages, rather
7	than the termination of Federal agencies or depart-
8	ments.
9	(d) Advisory Committee.—The Commission shall
10	be considered an advisory committee within the meaning
11	of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).
12	(e) Appointment.—
13	(1) Members.—The Commissioners shall be
14	appointed for the life of the Commission and shall
15	be composed of nine members of whom—
16	(A) three shall be appointed by the Presi-
17	dent of the United States;
18	(B) two shall be appointed by the Speaker
19	of the House of Representatives;
20	(C) one shall be appointed by the minority
21	Leader of the House of Representatives;
22	(D) two shall be appointed by the majority
23	Leader of the Senate; and
24	(E) one shall be appointed by the minority
25	Leader of the Senate.

- (2) Consultation required.—The President, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the mi-nority leader of the House of Representatives, the majority leader of the Senate, and the minority lead-er of the Senate shall consult among themselves prior to the appointment of the members of the Commission in order to achieve, to the maximum ex-tent possible, fair and equitable representation of various points of view with respect to the matters to be studied by the Commission under subsection (b).
 - (3) APPOINTMENTS.—During the period of January 1, 1998 through January 31, 1998, the President shall submit to the Senate the names of three individuals for appointment to the Commission.
 - (4) Failure to appoint.—If the President does not submit to Congress the names of three individuals for appointment to the Commission on or before the date specified in paragraph (3), the process established under this Act shall be terminated.
 - (5) CHAIRMAN.—At the time the President nominates individuals for appointment to the Commission the President shall designate one such individual who shall serve as Chairman of the Commission.

1 (6) Background.—The members shall rep-2 resent a broad array of expertise covering, to the ex-3 tent practical, all subject matter, programs, and tax laws the Commission is likely to review. 5 (f) Terms.—Each member of the Commission including the Chairman shall serve until the termination of 6 7 the Commission. 8 (g) Meetings.— 9 (1) Initial meeting.—No later than April 1, 10 1998, the Commission shall conduct its first meet-11 ing. 12 (2) Open meetings.—Each meeting of the 13 Commission shall be open to the public. In cases 14 where classified information, trade secrets, or per-15 sonnel matters are discussed, the Chairman may 16 close the meeting. All proceedings, information, and 17 deliberations of the Commission shall be available, 18 upon request, to the chairman and ranking member 19 of the relevant committees of Congress. 20 (h) Vacancies.—A vacancy on the Commission shall 21 be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. 22 (i) PAY AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.— 23 (1) Pay.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the 24 Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), 25 each Commissioner, other than the Chairman, shall

- be paid at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the minimum annual rate of basic pay for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the actual performance of duties vested in the Commission.
 - (2) CHAIRMAN.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), the Chairman shall be paid for each day referred to in paragraph (1) at a rate equal to the daily payment of the minimum annual rate of basic pay payable for level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.
 - (3) Travel expenses.—Members shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with section 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

19 (j) Director of Staff.—

(1) QUALIFICATIONS.—The Chairman shall appoint a Director who has not served in any of the entities or industries that the Commission intends to review during the 12 months preceding the date of such appointment.

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- 1 (2) PAY.—Notwithstanding section 7 of the 2 Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), 3 the Director shall be paid at the rate of basic pay 4 payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under 5 section 5315 of title 5, United States Code.
 - (3) Reports.—On administrative and personnel matters, the Director shall submit periodic reports to the Chairman of the Commission and the chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of the Representatives.

(k) Staff.—

- (1) Additional Personnel.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (4), the Director, with the approval of the Commission, may appoint and fix the pay of additional personnel.
- (2) Appointments.—The Director may make such appointments without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and any personnel so appointed may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

- 1 (3) Detailes.—Upon the request of the Di2 rector, the head of any Federal department or agen3 cy may detail any of the personnel of that depart4 ment or agency to the Commission to assist the
 5 Commission in accordance with an agreement en6 tered into with the Commission.
 - (4) RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONNEL AND DETAILEES.—The following restrictions shall apply to personnel and detailees of the Commission:
 - (A) Personnel.—No more than one-third of the personnel detailed to the Commission may be on detail from Federal agencies that deal directly or indirectly with the Federal subsidies the Commission intends to review.
 - (B) Analysts.—No more than one-fifth of the professional analysts of the Commission may be persons detailed from a Federal agency that deals directly or indirectly with the Federal subsidies the Commission intends to review.
 - (C) LEAD ANALYST.—No person detailed from a Federal agency to the Commission may be assigned as the lead professional analyst with respect to an entity or industry the Commission intends to review if the person has been involved in regulatory or policy-making deci-

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1	sions affecting any such entity or industry in
2	the 12 months preceding such assignment.
3	(D) DETAILEE.—A person may not be de-
4	tailed from a Federal agency to the Commission
5	if, within 12 months before the detail is to
6	begin, that person participated personally and
7	substantially in any matter within that particu-
8	lar agency concerning the preparation of rec-
9	ommendations under this Act.
10	(E) Federal officer or employee.—
11	No member of a Federal agency, and no officer
12	or employee of a Federal agency, may—
13	(i) prepare any report concerning the
14	effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency of the
15	performance on the staff of the Commis-
16	sion of any person detailed from a Federal
17	agency to that staff;
18	(ii) review the preparation of such re-
19	port; or
20	(iii) approve or disapprove such a re-
21	port.
22	(F) Limitation on Staff size.—(i) Sub-
23	ject to clause (ii), there may not be more than
24	25 persons (including any detailees) on the
25	staff at any time.

- 1 (ii) The Commission may increase person2 nel in excess of the limitation under clause (i),
 3 15 days after submitting notification of such in4 crease to the Committee on Governmental Af5 fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Gov6 ernment Reform and Oversight of the House of
 7 Representatives.
 - (G) Limitation on Federal officer.— No member of a Federal agency and no employee of a Federal agency may serve as a Commissioner or as a paid member of the staff.

(5) Assistance.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States may provide assistance, including the detailing of employees, to the Commission in accordance with an agreement entered into with the Commission.
- (B) Consultation.—The Commission and the Comptroller General of the United States shall consult with the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives on the agreement referred to under subparagraph (A) before entering into such agreement.

1	(1) Other Authority.—
2	(1) Experts and consultants.—The Com-
3	mission may procure by contract, to the extent funds
4	are available, the temporary or intermittent services
5	of experts or consultants pursuant to section 3109
6	of title 5, United States Code.
7	(2) Leasing.—The Commission may lease
8	space and acquire personal property to the extent
9	that funds are available.
10	(m) Funding.—
11	(1) Commission.—There are authorized to be
12	appropriated to the Commission such funds as are
13	necessary to carry out its duties under this Act.
14	(2) Comptroller general.—There are au-
15	thorized to be appropriated to the Comptroller Gen-
16	eral of the United States such funds as are nec-
17	essary to carry out its duties under subsection $(k)(5)$
18	and section $6(b)(5)$.
19	(n) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate
20	on September 1, 1999.
21	SEC. 6. PROCEDURE FOR MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS TO
22	TERMINATE CORPORATE SUBSIDIES.
23	(a) Agency Plan.—
24	(1) In General.—No later than April 1, 1998,
25	or the date budget documents are submitted to Con-

gress in 1998, whichever is earlier, in support of the budget of each Federal department or agency, the head of each department or agency shall include in such documents a list identifying all programs or tax laws within that department or agency that the head of the department or agency determines provide inequitable Federal subsidies.

(2) Contents.—Such a list shall include—

- (A) a detailed description of each program or tax law in question;
- (B) a statement detailing the extent to which a payment, benefit, service, or tax advantage meets the provisions of section 4;
- (C) a statement summarizing the legislative history and purpose of such payment, benefit, service, or tax advantage, and the laws or policies directly or indirectly giving rise to the need for such programs or tax laws; and
- (D) a recommendation to the Commission regarding actions to be taken under section 5(b)(3).
- (3) International trade programs.—As part of its agency plan submitted pursuant to this subsection, the United States Trade Representative shall survey all federally supported international

trade programs in all Federal agencies and shall certify to the Commission which of those programs
meet the requirements of section 4(4)(D). The
Trade Representative shall provide the Commission
a detailed statement of the reasons each program
was or was not so certified as part of its agency
plan.

8 (b) Review and Recommendations by the Com-9 mission.—

(1) Review and Hearings.—At any time after the submission of the budget documents to Congress, the Commission shall conduct public hearings on the recommendations included in the lists required under subsection (a). All testimony before the Commission at a public hearing conducted under this paragraph shall be presented under oath.

(2) Report of Commission.—

(A) Report to president.—No later than November 30, 1998, the Commission shall submit a report to the President containing the Commission's findings and recommendations for termination, modification, or retention of each of the inequitable Federal subsidies reviewed by the Commission. Such findings and recommendations shall specify—

1	(i) all actions, circumstances, and con-
2	siderations relating to or bearing upon the
3	recommendations; and
4	(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
5	ticable, the estimated effect of the rec-
6	ommendations upon the policies, laws and
7	programs directly or indirectly affected by
8	the recommendations.
9	(B) Changes in recommendations.—
10	Subject to the deadline in subparagraph (A), in
11	making its recommendations, the Commission
12	may make changes in any of the recommenda-
13	tions made by a department or agency if the
14	Commission determines that such department
15	or agency deviated substantially from the provi-
16	sions of section 4.
17	(C) Changes.—In the case of a change in
18	the recommendations made by a department or
19	agency, the Commission may make the change
20	only if the Commission—
21	(i) makes the determination required
22	under subparagraph (B); and
23	(ii) conducts a public hearing on the
24	Commission's proposed changes.

1	(D) APPLICATION.—Subparagraph (C)
2	shall apply to a change by the Commission in
3	a department or agency recommendation that
4	would—
5	(i) add or delete a payment, benefit,
6	service, or tax advantage to the list rec-
7	ommended for termination;
8	(ii) add or delete a payment, benefit,
9	service, or tax advantage to the list rec-
10	ommended for modification; or
11	(iii) increase or decrease the extent of
12	a recommendation to modify a payment,
13	benefit, service, or tax advantage included
14	in a department's or agency's rec-
15	ommendation.
16	(3) Justification.—The Commission shall ex-
17	plain and justify in the report submitted to the
18	President under paragraph (2) any recommendation
19	made by the Commission that is different from a
20	recommendation made by an agency under sub-
21	section (a).
22	(4) Report to congress.—After November
23	30, 1998, or after the date the Commission submits
24	recommendations to the President, the Commission
25	shall, upon request, promptly provide to any Member

1	of Congress the information used by the Commission
2	in making its recommendations.
3	(5) Comptroller General.—The Comptrol-
4	ler General of the United States shall—
5	(A) assist the Commission, to the extent
6	requested, in the Commission's review and anal-
7	ysis of the list, statements, and recommenda-
8	tions made by departments and agencies under
9	subsection (a); and
10	(B) no later than 60 days after April 1,
11	1998, or the public release of the President's
12	budget documents in 1998, whichever is earlier,
13	submit to the Congress and to the Commission
14	a report containing a detailed analysis of the
15	list, statements, and recommendations of each
16	department or agency.
17	(c) Review by the President.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—No later than December 31,
19	1998, the President shall submit a report to the
20	Commission and to the Congress containing the
21	President's approval or disapproval of the Commis-
22	sion's recommendations submitted under subsection
23	(b).
24	(2) Approval.—If the President approves all
25	the recommendations of the Commission, the Presi-

- dent shall submit a copy of such recommendations to the Congress, together with a certification of such approval.
 - (3) DISAPPROVAL.—If the President disapproves the recommendations of the Commission in whole or in part, the President shall submit to the Commission and the Congress the reasons for that disapproval. No later than February 1, 1999, the Commission shall submit to the President a revised list of recommendations.
 - (4) REVISION.—If the President approves all of the revised recommendations of the Commission submitted to the President under paragraph (3), the President shall submit a copy of such revised recommendations to the Congress, together with a certification of such approval.
 - (5) APPROVAL OF ENTIRE PACKAGE.—The President may only submit an approval certificate that pertains to the entire package of recommendations submitted by the Commission under subsection (b)(2) or paragraph (3) of this subsection.
 - (6) Failure to submit.—If the President does not submit to the Congress an approval and certification described in paragraph (2) or (4) by

1	February 15, 1999, the process established under
2	this Act shall be terminated.
3	SEC. 7. CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION.
4	(a) Submission of Recommendations of the
5	President submits the Commission
6	recommendations to the Congress under section 6(c) (2)
7	or (4), such recommendations shall be accompanied by in-
8	formation specifying—
9	(1) the reasons and justifications for the rec-
10	ommendations;
11	(2) to the maximum extent practicable, the esti-
12	mated fiscal, economic, and budgetary impact of ac-
13	cepting the recommendations;
14	(3) the amount of the projected savings result-
15	ing from each recommendation;
16	(4) all actions, circumstances, and consider-
17	ations relating to or bearing upon the recommenda-
18	tions and to the maximum extent practicable, the es-
19	timated effect of the recommendations upon the poli-
20	cies, laws and programs directly or indirectly af-
21	fected by the recommendations; and
22	(5) the specific changes in Federal statute nec-
23	essary to implement the recommendations.
24	(b) Submission of Recommendations to the
25	SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES —

- 1 congress.—The (1)Submission to 2 ommendations submitted by the President to the 3 Congress under subsection (a) shall be submitted to the Senate and the House of Representatives on the 5 same day, and shall be delivered to the Secretary of 6 the Senate if the Senate is not in session, and to the Clerk of the House of the Representatives if the 7 8 House is not in session.
 - (2) Federal Register.—Any recommendations and accompanying information submitted under subsection (a) shall be printed in the first issue of the Federal Register after such submission.

(c) Introduction.—

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- (1) Date of introduction.—The Majority Leader of the Senate or his designee, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or his designee, shall introduce a bill (or bills as provided under paragraph (2)) that implements the recommendations submitted by the President under subsection (a), no later than the later of 14 calendar days in session after the date on which—
 - (A) the Senate or the House of Representatives received the recommendations submitted by the President under subsection (a), if the Senate or the House of Representatives (as ap-

plicable) is in session on the date of such submission; or

- (B) the Senate or the House of Representatives is first in session after such recommendations are submitted, if the Senate or the House of Representatives (as applicable) is not in session on the date of such submission.
- (2) MULTIPLE BILLS.—The majority leader of the Senate, or his designee, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or his designee, shall introduce a bill or separate bills ensuring that all such recommendations will be implemented.

(d) COMMITTEE REFERRAL AND ACTION.—

(1) In General.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Any committee to which a bill or bills introduced under subsection (c) is referred shall report such bill no later than 120 calendar days after the date of referral. No amendment during committee consideration of a bill or bills introduced under subsection (c) shall be in order unless that amendment is confined to terminating or reforming an inequitable Federal subsidy as defined in section 4 of this Act. Any such reported bill shall be referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate

1	or the Committee on Government Reform and
2	Oversight of the House of Representatives, as
3	applicable.
4	(B) Committees on finance and ways
5	AND MEANS.—
6	(i) In General.—Any bill referred to
7	the Committee on Finance or the Committee
8	on Ways and Means that contains revenue
9	increases may be amended to include reduc-
10	tions in revenues in the form of tax cuts in
11	an amount up to the amount of the revenue
12	increases.
13	(ii) Scorecard.—If the bill referred to
14	in clause (i) is enacted into law, any
15	amount of revenue reductions not made by
16	the bill as provided in clause (i) shall be
17	credited to the pay-as-you-go scorecard
18	under section 252 of the Balanced Budget
19	and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985
20	and may only be offset by legislation reduc-
21	ing revenues.
22	(2) DISCHARGE.—If a committee does not re-
23	port a bill within the 120-day period as provided
24	under paragraph (1), such bill shall be discharged
25	from the committee and referred to the Committee

1	on Governmental Affairs of the Senate or the Com-
2	mittee on Government Reform and Oversight of the
3	House of Representatives, as applicable.
4	(3) Report to floor; consolidation.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—No later than the first
6	day the Senate or the House of Representatives
7	(as applicable) is in session following 10 cal-
8	endar days in session after the end of the 120-
9	day period described under paragraphs (1) and
10	(2), the Committee on Governmental Affairs of
11	the Senate and the Committee on Government
12	Reform and Oversight of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives, as applicable, shall—
14	(i) consolidate all bills referred under
15	paragraphs (1) and (2) into a single bill
16	(without substantive amendment) and re-
17	port such bill to the Senate or the House
18	of Representatives; or
19	(ii) if only 1 bill is referred under
20	paragraph (1) or (2), report such bill
21	(without amendment) to the Senate or
22	House of Representatives.
23	(B) LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR.—The bill re-
24	ported under subparagraph (A) shall be placed

- 1 on the legislative calendar of the appropriate
- House.

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- 3 (e) Procedure in Senate After Report of Com-
- 4 MITTEE; DEBATE; AMENDMENTS.—
- 5 (1) DEBATE ON BILL.—Debate in the Senate 6 on a bill reported by the Committee on Govern-7 mental Affairs under subsection (d)(3), and all 8 amendments thereto and debatable motions and ap-9 peals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not 10 more than 30 hours. The time shall be equally di-11 vided between, and controlled by, the Majority Lead-12 er and Minority Leader or their designees.
 - (2) Debate on amendment to the bill shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the bill, and debate on any amendment to an amendment, debatable motion, or appeal shall be limited to 30 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the bill, except that in the event the manager of the bill is in favor of any such amendment, motion or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee.

1	(3) Limit of Debate.—(A) A motion to fur-
2	ther limit debate is not debatable. A motion by the
3	majority leader or his designee to extend debate is
4	not debatable. A motion to recommit is not in order.
5	(B) No amendment not germane to the bill re-
6	ported by the Committee on Governmental Affairs
7	under subsection $(d)(3)$ shall be in order.
8	(B) No amendment to the bill reported by
9	the Committee on Governmental Affairs under
10	subsection (d)(3) shall be in order unless—
11	(i) that amendment is confined to ter-
12	minating or reforming an inequitable Fed-
13	eral subsidy as defined by section 4 of this
14	Act;
15	(ii) that amendment is germane to the
16	bill reported by the Committee on Govern-
17	mental Affairs; and
18	(iii) for the purposes of such bill, "ger-
19	mane" means only amendments which
20	strike language from such bill, or restore
21	language in the bill or bills introduced
22	$under\ subsection\ (c).$
23	(4) Conference reports.—
24	(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion to
25	proceed to the consideration of the conference

report on a bill subject to the procedures of this section and reported to the Senate may be made even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to.

- (B) TIME LIMITATION.—The consideration in the Senate of the conference report on the bill and any amendments in disagreement thereto, including all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to 5 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and minority leader or their designees. Debate on any debatable motion, appeal related to the conference report, or any amendment to an amendment in disagreement, shall be limited to 30 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report (or a message between Houses).
- (f) PROCEDURE IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVESAFTER REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE; DEBATE.—
- 21 (1) MOTION TO CONSIDER.—When the Commit-22 tee on Government Reform and Oversight of the 23 House of Representatives reports a bill under sub-24 section (d)(3) it is in order (at any time after the 25 fifth day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal

- holidays) following the day on which any committee report filed on a bill referred under subsection (d)(1) to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight has been available to Members of the House) to move to proceed to the consideration of the bill reported to the House of Representatives. The motion is highly privileged and is not debatable. An amendment to the motion is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.
 - (2) Debate.—General debate on the bill in the House of Representatives shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between the majority and minority parties. A motion further to limit debate is not debatable. A motion to postpone debate is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the bill is agreed to or disagreed to.
 - (3) TERMS OF CONSIDERATION.—Consideration of the bill by the House of Representatives shall be in the Committee of the Whole, and the bill shall be considered for amendment under the 5-minute rule in accordance with the applicable provisions of rule XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives. After the committee rises and reports the bill back

- to the House, the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and any amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion.
 - of Representatives on the conference report on a bill subject to the procedures under this section and reported to the House of Representatives shall be limited to not more than 5 hours, which shall be divided equally between the majority and minority parties. A motion further to limit debate is not debatable. A motion to recommit the conference report is not in order, and it is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the conference report is agreed to or disagreed to. A motion to postpone is not in order.
- (5) APPEALS.—Appeals from decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to the bill shall be decided without debate.
- 20 (g) Rules of the Senate and House of Rep 21 RESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Congress—
- 22 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 23 the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-24 spectively, but applicable only with respect to the 25 procedure to be followed in that House in the case

- of a bill under this section, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and
- 4 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional 5 right of either House to change the rules as far as 6 relating to the procedure of that House at any time, 7 in the same manner, and to the same extent as in 8 the case of any other rule of that House.

Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to review, reform, and terminate unnessary and inequitable Federal subsidies."